

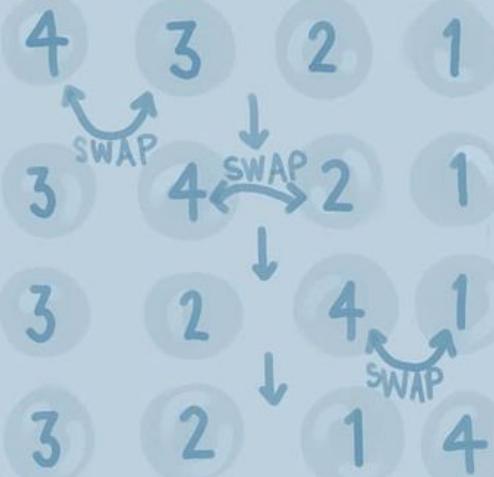
# BUBBLE SORT

- Start from the beginning of the array and swap the adjacent elements if the right element is greater than the left (i.e. increasing order)
- Move onto the next element and repeat till you reach the end of the array
- By the end, the greatest element would have 'bubbled down' to the right end
- Repeat another iteration for the second greatest element
- The right end of the array is sorted
- Almost ' $n$ ' (length of array) iterations are needed to completely sort the array.

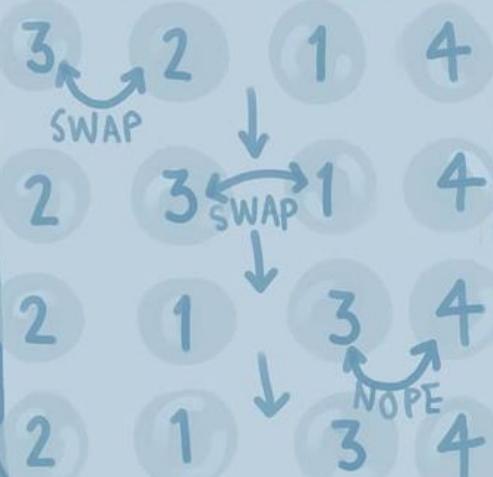
# BUBBLE SORT

## LET'S SEE HOW IT WORKS!

1<sup>st</sup> ITERATION



2<sup>nd</sup> ITERATION



3<sup>rd</sup> ITERATION



4<sup>th</sup> ITERATION



# BUBBLE SORT

## TIME COMPLEXITY

BEST



AVERAGE



WORST



## SPACE COMPLEXITY

1

- The algorithm stops when there are no swaps in one complete iteration
- We need to perform atleast one iteration after the array is sorted
- In-place sorting